



# Level-0 Calorimeter and L1 Global Triggers WBS 6.8.y.1 and 6.8.y.3

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U.S. ATLAS HL-LHC Upgrade NSF Conceptual Design Review

Arlington, VA  
March 8-10, 2016



# Outline

- System experts and Principle Investigators
- System Overview
  - Current (Run-2) System, Phase-1 upgrade and Motivation for Upgrade
  - ATLAS Upgrade Plans
- Proposed U.S. HL-LHC Upgrade Scope
  - Work Breakdown Structure and Contributing Institutes
  - U.S. Deliverables
- Ongoing R&D
  - Plans to Construction Project
  - Funding Needed
- Construction Project Management
  - Construction Project Budget and Schedule
  - Risks and Mitigation
- Closing Remarks



# About the Expert

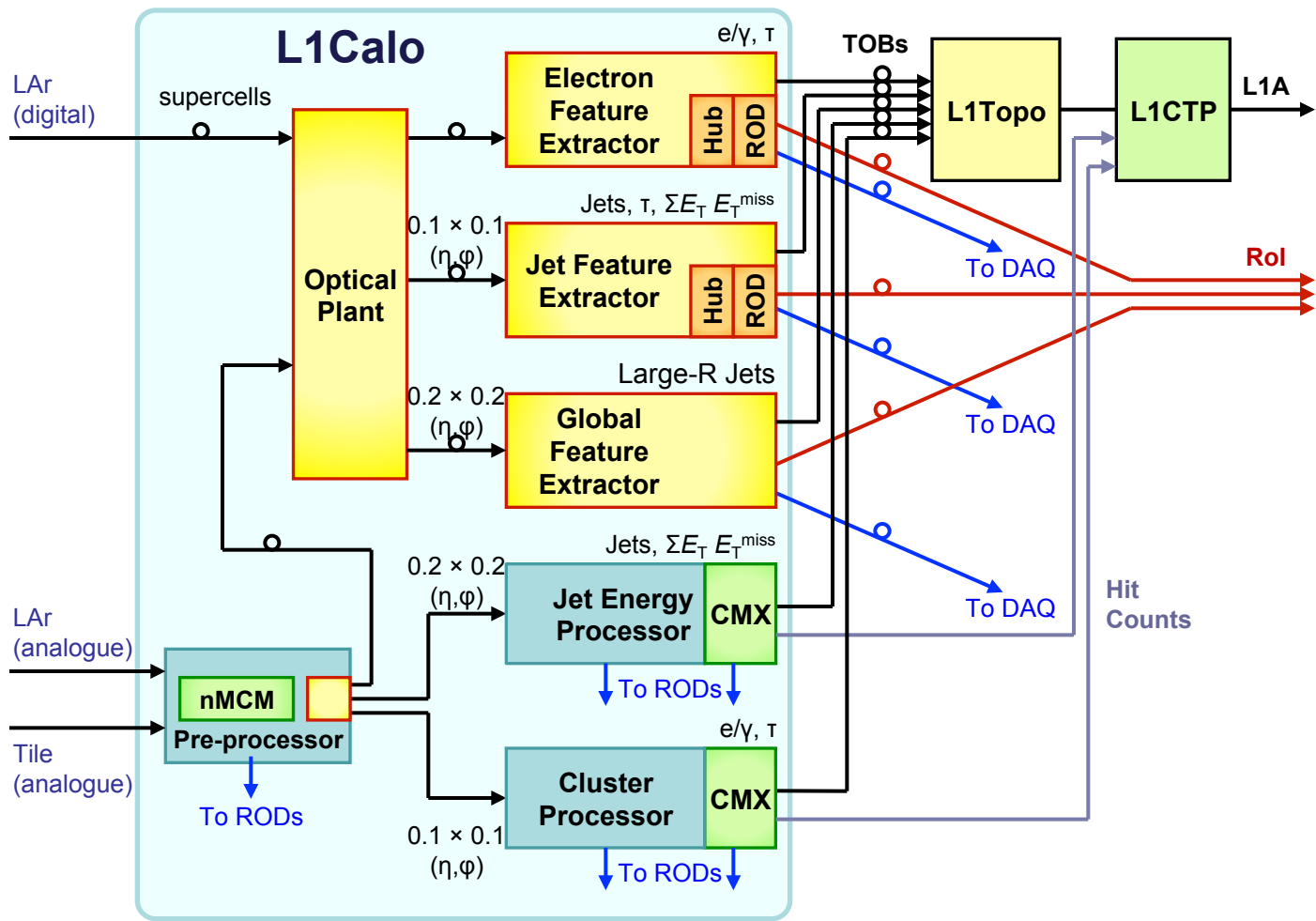
- **Wade Fisher, Associate Professor, Michigan State University**
  - Member of ATLAS collaboration and TDAQ group since 2012
  - L3 manager for Phase 1 upgrade project: FEX ATCA Hub module
  - MSU also built and commissioned Phase 0 upgrade L1Calo module: Common Merger Module Extended (CMX)
    - MSU Engineers Dan Edmunds, Philippe Laurens, Yuri Ermoline, Pawel Plucinski
- **Additional Primary Contributions**
  - Sizable list of TDAQ experts with significant upgrade experience have contributed to this project proposal
  - L0 Calo: Reinhard Schwienhorst (MSU), Hal Evans (Indiana)
  - L1 Global: WF (MSU), Stephanie Majewski (Oregon), Elliot Lipeles (Penn)



# About the Institutes

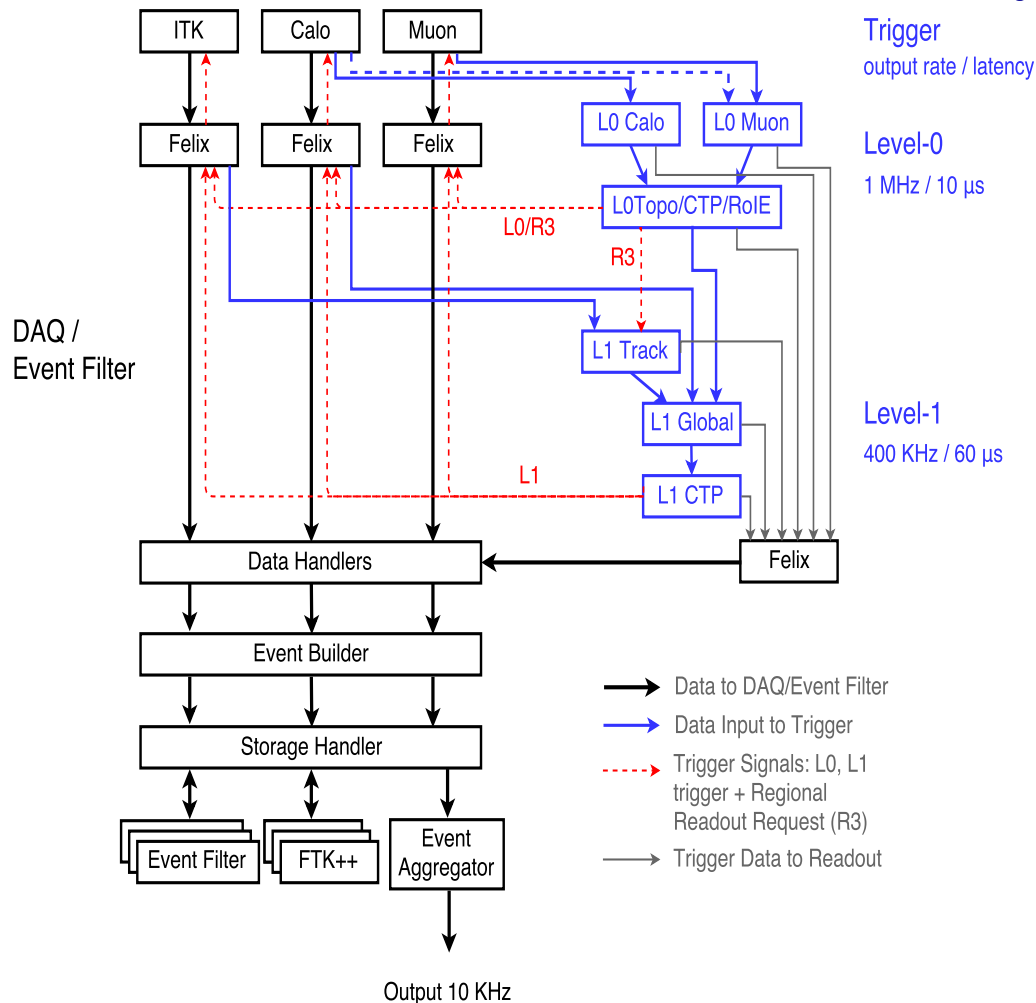
- Institutes involved
  - Michigan State University
  - University of Chicago
  - Indiana University
  - University of Oregon
  - Louisiana Tech University
  - University of Pittsburg
- Extensive history of HEP construction effort for all institutes
  - TDAQ: MSU, Indiana, Chicago
  - TRT: Indiana
  - Muons: Pitt,
  - TileCal: Chicago, MSU
  - LAr: Pitt,
  - FTK: Chicago
  - Nearly all groups have non-ATLAS construction experience

# Phase 1 Upgrade Overview





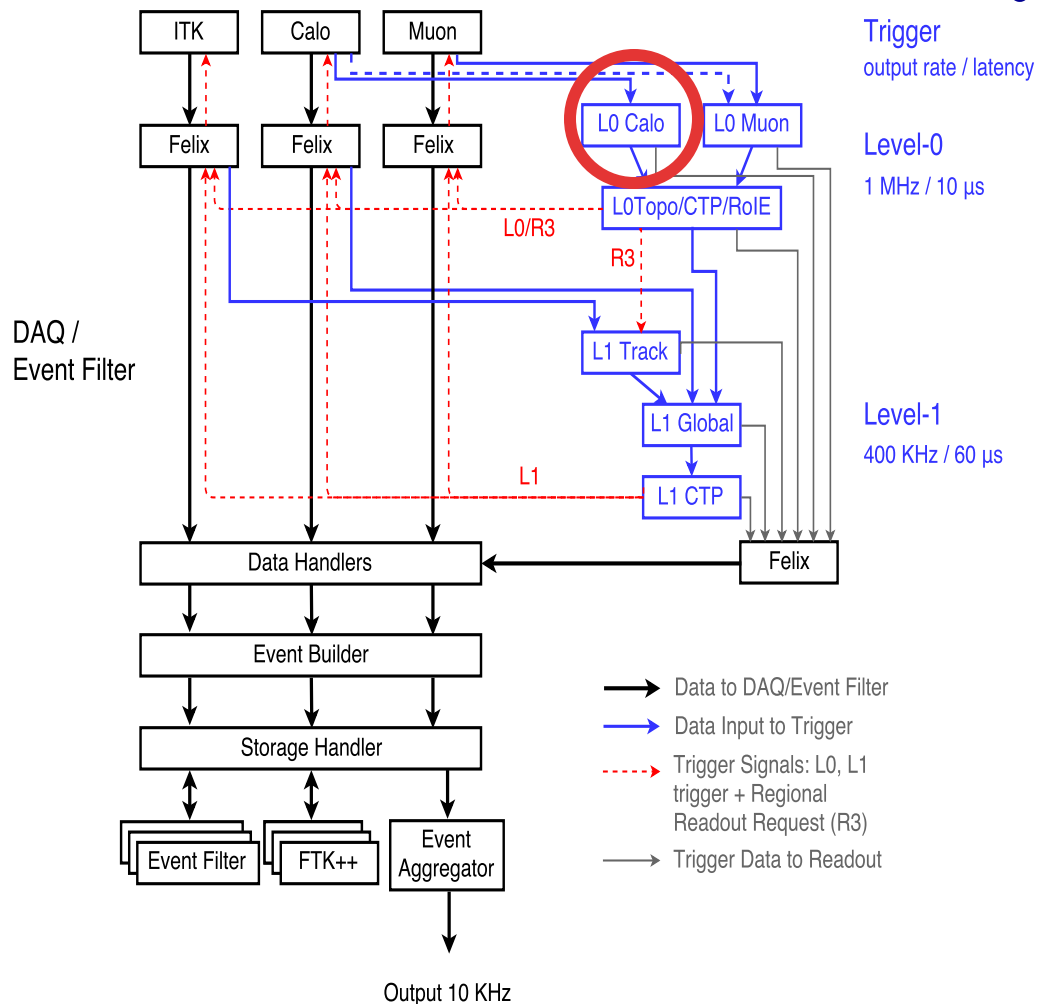
# HL-LHC System Upgrade Plans



- Two-level hardware system
  - Phase-1 L1 system becomes HL-LHC L0 system
  - High precision Muons (MDT) added to L0 system → improves efficiency
  - L0 Rate is now 1 MHz
    - Allows in more physics
  - L1 system uses tracks and full granularity calo in regions of interest to improve reject before HLT
    - Tracking 10% of data at 1 MHz
  - Full detector tracking for 100 KHz events in HLT → mitigates pile-up for hadronic triggers



# HL-LHC System Upgrade Plans

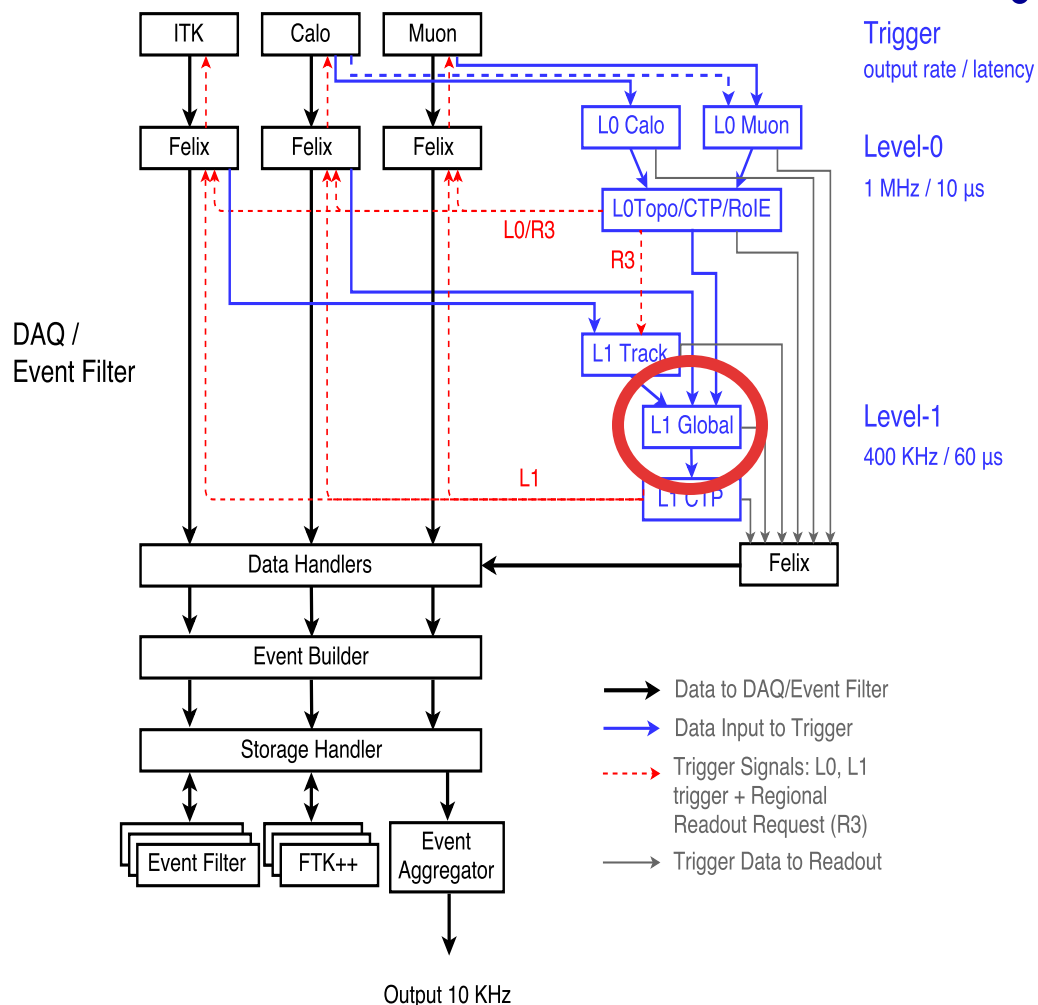


## • Level-0 Calorimeter Trigger

- Phase-1 L1 system becomes HL-LHC L0 system
- Tile input to L0Calo will be new digital input from Tile preprocessor
- New Tile Optical Plant needed for new Tile front-end electronics mapping / interface
  - Builds on existing optical plant experience and design.



# HL-LHC System Upgrade Plans



## Level-1 Global Trigger

- L1 Global system aggregates inputs from Calo, Muon and Track triggers
- Processes fine-granularity calorimeter inputs for improved signatures
- Evaluates combined trigger algorithms using 'global' information
- Proposed NSF scope focuses on current US hadronic trigger experience to support processor algorithm design
  - Energy clustering and jet identification
  - Global calorimeter quantities (MET, HT)
  - Track-based pileup rejection



# Proposed NSF Scope

- 6.8.y.1 L0 Calo Optical Plant

- Rebuild fiber optic input router because of changes to tile inputs
- MSU is building Phase-1 system this capitalizes on their unique expertise
- **Institutes:** Michigan State (MSU)

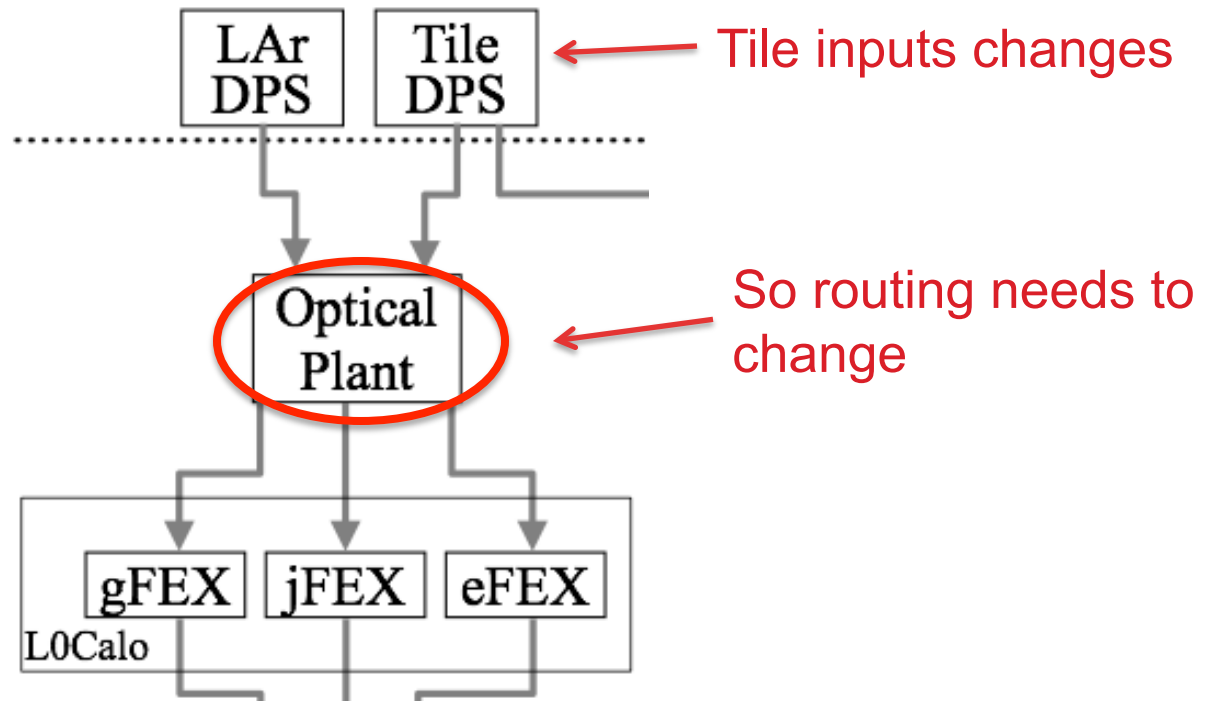
- 6.8.y.3 L1 Global Processing

- L1 Global algorithms are where the rate reduction from 1 MHz to 400 KHz happens
- 4 firmware algorithms focused on hadronic triggering:
  - Offline-like energy clustering and jet construction, global quantities (MET, HT), and track-based pile-up rejection
- This builds on US experience with Phase-1 “gFEX” system which does global hadronic triggering in what will be L0
- **Institutes:** U Chicago, Indiana U., Louisiana Tech, Michigan State, U Oregon, U Pittsburgh



## 6.8.y.1: L0 Calo Fiber Optic Plant

- Rebuild the Phase 1 Fiber Optic plant to accommodate the change to the tile electronics
- Builds on unique MSU experience with fiber routing and splitting

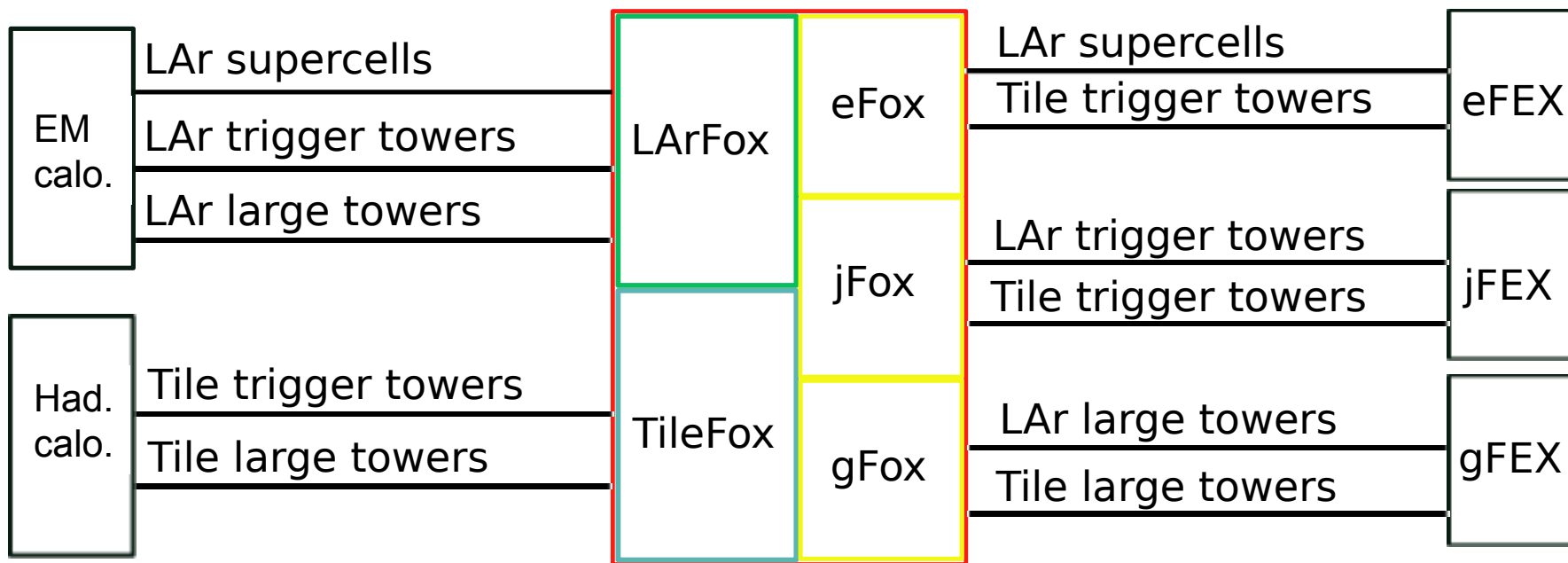




# FOX – Fiberplant

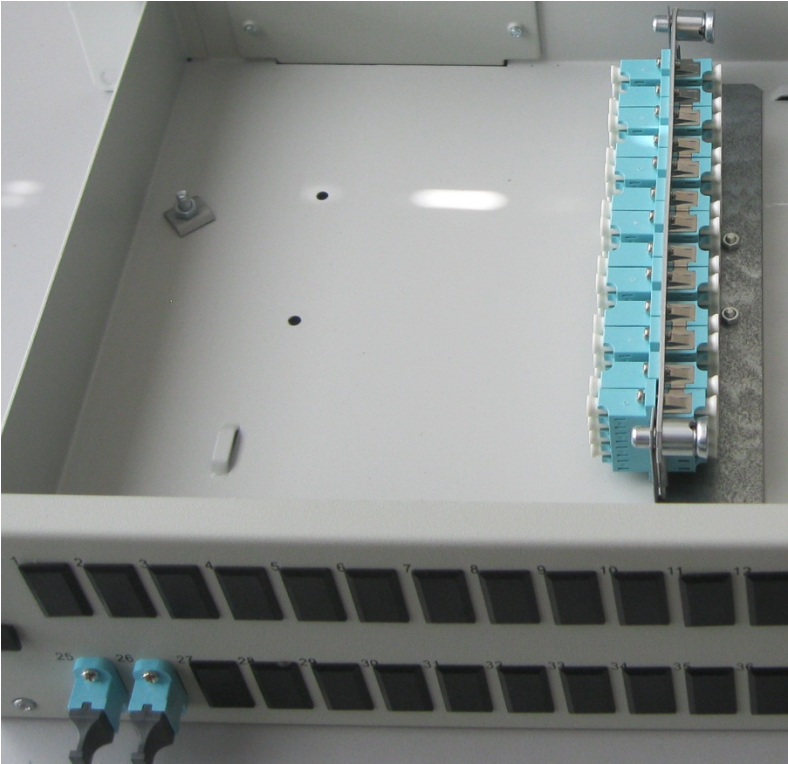
- Phase 1 Deliverable: Fiber-Optic eXchange (FOX)

- Project underway at MSU
  - Well-understood technical challenges
- optical plant





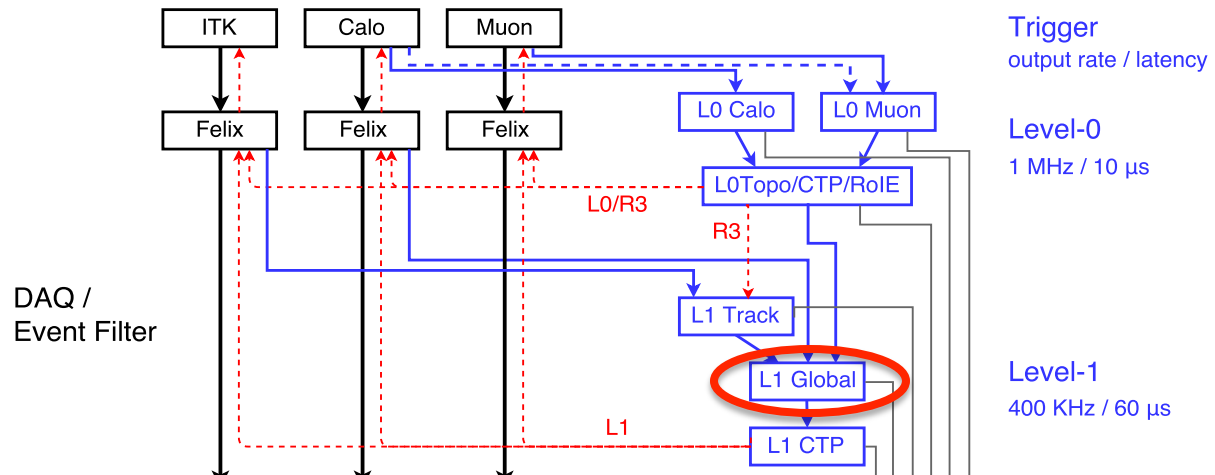
# Version-1 Optical Fiber Plant





## 6.8.y.3: L1 Global Processing

- Deliverable is firmware that runs on the L1 Global Processor
  - The focus is on hadronic triggering with 4 related items
    - Offline-like “topological clustering” of calorimeter energy
    - Offline-like jet finding
    - Global quantities: Missing energy, sum of jet pTs (HT), and MHT
    - Track-based pile-up rejection for multijet and global quantities
- Follows Phase 1 experience with the gFEX system
  - gFEX is global quantities and fat-jets at what will be L0 in HL-LHC





# Ongoing R&D Efforts

- R&D Efforts underway using pre-MREFC funding
- 6.8.y.1: L0Calo Optical Plant
  - Phase-1 L1Calo optical plant R&D effort eliminates need for dedicated Phase-2 R&D effort.
    - Highly similar design to be implemented by the same PI/engineers
- 6.8.y.3: L1Global Algorithms
  - Current experiences with Phase-1 gFEX algorithm development useful
    - Studies of global quantities, jet substructure, large-R jet pileup subtraction
  - Dedicated R&D studies of topological clustering algorithms underway
    - Characterizing clustering algorithm limitations on FPGA targets
    - Latency/resource/resolution studies help guide hardware and algorithm choices
    - Same engineers expected to contribute to Phase-2 efforts



# Budget Estimation

- WBS 6.8.y.1: L0Calo Optical Plant
  - Primarily based on current Phase-1 Fiber Optic Exchange module
  - Well-understood technical scope and costs
  - Phase-1 experiences will reduce overall risk to both schedule and cost
- WBS 6.8.y.3: L1Global Firmware Algorithms
  - Based on current Phase-1 gFEX algorithm development
    - Highly similar to other ongoing or completed projects as well
    - ( L1Calo gFEX module: Global Feature Extractor )
  - Similar level of complexity and schedule demands
  - Expert-level estimation for anticipated differences wrt gFEX



# Cost Tables: L0Calo

- L0Calo Optical Plant costing developed via direct analogy to the ongoing Phase-1 optical plant project

6.8.x.1 L0Calo						
WBS	Description	Labor FTE	Labor Ayk\$	M&S Ayk\$	Travel Ayk\$	TOTAL Ayk\$
6.8.x.1	L0Calo	0.75	119	49	19	187
	Engineers	0.75				
	Techs	-				
	Students	-				
		-				

Task Name	Effort (person-months)	Calendar Duration (months)
Engineering Specification	1	6
Design	2	6
Assembly	1	9
Acceptance Tests	2	9
System Tests	2	6
Project Review Preparation	1	12
Project Total:	9 (0.75 FTE)	36 (total duration)

Item	Cost per item	# of items	Total cost
MTP cable	\$150	120	\$18,000
MTP breakout cable	\$100	12	\$1,200
Mapping module	\$5,500	5	\$27,500
Enclosure	\$1000	1	\$1,000
Misc parts			\$1,300
Total			\$49,000



# Cost Tables: L1Global

- L1Global costing based on effort required for similar firmware algorithms in the ongoing Phase 1 gFEX FW project
  - Labor divided amongst six universities

## 6.8.x.3 L1 Global Processing

WBS	Description	Labor FTE	Labor Ayk\$	M&S Ayk\$	Travel Ayk\$	TOTAL Ayk\$
6.8.x.3	L1 Global	8.75	1,896	125	82	2,103
	Engineers	8.75				
	Techs	-				
	Students	-				



# Cost Tables: WBS 6.8 Trigger

6.8 Trigger NSF FTEs						
Item/Phase	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	Grand Total
<b>6.8.y.1 L0 Calo</b>	-	0.25	0.42	0.08	-	0.75
Design	-	0.25	-	-	-	0.25
Prototype	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pre-production	-	-	-	-	-	-
Production	-	-	0.42	0.08	-	0.50
<b>6.8.y.3 L1 Global Processing</b>	1.25	2.50	2.50	2.50	-	8.75
Design	-	-	-	-	-	-
Prototype	1.25	-	-	-	-	1.25
Pre-production	-	2.50	-	-	-	2.50
Production	-	-	2.50	2.50	-	5.00
<b>NSF Grand Total</b>	<b>1.25</b>	<b>2.75</b>	<b>2.92</b>	<b>2.58</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>9.50</b>

6.8 Trigger NSF Total Cost (AYk\$)						
Item/Phase	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	Total
<b>6.8.y.1 L0 Calo</b>	0	43	126	19	0	187
Design	0	43	0	0	0	43
Prototype	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pre-production	0	0	0	0	0	0
Production	0	0	126	19	0	144
<b>6.8.y.3 L1 Global Processing</b>	337	611	569	586	0	2,103
Design	0	0	0	0	0	0
Prototype	337	0	0	0	0	337
Pre-production	0	611	0	0	0	611
Production	0	0	569	586	0	1,155
<b>NSF Grand Total</b>	<b>337</b>	<b>653</b>	<b>695</b>	<b>605</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2,290</b>



# Risks

- General sources of risk

- Changes/delays in system requirements or sub-system interfaces L0Calo

Primary Risks:

- Delays in finalizing up/downstream interfaces: specifically new TileCal interface
    - Late changes in specification: # links, optical splitting, etc
  - L1Global Primary Risks:
    - Performance of available FPGAs or other processors different than expected
    - Trigger performance requirements evolve late in development cycle

- Mitigation

- Schedules are designed to absorb moderate delays
    - Development can proceed in areas not impacted by final specifications
    - In extreme cases, moderate additional effort can be added
  - Performance issues can be handled by reducing target efficiencies if necessary
    - Ongoing R&D efforts front-load engineering experience with hardware
    - Algorithm performance expected to be adjustable to meet performance needs



# Closing Remarks

- **US Deliverables**
  - 6.8.y.1 L0 Calo fiber optic plant for new tile output
  - 6.8.y.3 L1 Global Processing algorithms for hadronic objects
- **This package will have a high impact on the ability of ATLAS to maintain low threshold single lepton and hadronic triggers**
  - Significant coherence of calorimeter trigger projects with US project as a whole in Phase-1 and HL-LHC upgrades
- **Budget and Planning are based on Phase-1 experience**
  - Ongoing Phase-1 optical plant and firmware efforts are highly similar in scope and complexity



# Backup